

St Bernard's RC Primary History and Geography Curriculum



	Connector 1	Connector 2	Connector 3
Year 1	Developing knowledge about the locality	Developing knowledge about the UK	Understanding Geographical similarities and differences
	Changes within Living Memory		Significant Historical Events, People and Places in the Locality
Year 2	Developing knowledge about the UK Human and physical features of the school's surrounding environment	Developing knowledge about the UK Human and physical features of the school's surrounding environment	Developing knowledge about the world - continents and oceans. Events beyond Living Memory Lives of Significant Individuals
Year 3	Location and characteristics - the world's most significant human and physical features.	History of the World - Earliest Civilizations History of the UK -	Geographical skills and Fieldwork - school focus

	The UK: key topographical features & land-use patterns	Chronology	
Year 4	History of the UK - Impact	Knowledge and understanding of the UK	History of the World - Empires
	Knowledge and understanding beyond the local area - comparing the UK and abroad	Knowledge and understanding beyond the local area - comparing the UK and abroad	Knowledge and understanding beyond the local area - comparing the UK and abroad
	Locate the world's countries - continents		Locate the world's countries - continents
Year 5	History of the World - Contrasting Non-European Society c. 900	History of the UK - Settlement & Struggle	Place knowledge - comparison
		Knowledge of the UK	Continents. The location and
	Continents. The location and characteristics of most significant human and physical features	Place knowledge - comparison	characteristics of most significant human and physical features
		Location knowledge -	Location knowledge -
	Location knowledge - latitude, longitude, equator, etc.	latitude, longitude, equator, etc.	latitude, longitude, equator, etc.
	Place knowledge - comparison		
Year 6	History of the UK - Beyond 1066	Locate the world's countries - continents	Geographical skills and Fieldwork - school focus
	Local History Study	Knowledge and understanding of the UK	

The national curriculum for history aims to ensure that all pupils: know and understand the history of these islands as a coherent, chronological narrative, from the earliest times to the present day: how people's lives have shaped this nation and how Britain has influenced and been influenced by the wider world know and understand significant aspects of the history of the wider world: the nature of ancient civilisations; the expansion and dissolution of empires; characteristic features of past non-European societies; achievements and follies of mankind gain and deploy a historically grounded understanding of abstract terms such as 'empire', 'civilisation', 'parliament' and 'peasantry' understand historical concepts such as continuity and change, cause and consequence, similarity, difference and significance, and use them to make connections, draw contrasts, analyse trends, frame historically-valid questions and create their own structured accounts, including written narratives and analyses understand the methods of historical enquiry, including how evidence is used rigorously to make historical claims, and discern how and why contrasting arguments and interpretations of the past have been constructed History – key stages 1 and 2 2 gain historical perspective by placing their growing knowledge into different contexts, understanding the connections between local, regional, national and international history; between cultural, economic, military, political, religious and social history; and between short- and long-term timescales.

Aims The national curriculum for geography aims to ensure that all pupils:

develop contextual knowledge of the location of globally significant places – both terrestrial and marine – including their defining physical and human characteristics and how these provide a geographical context for understanding the actions of processes understand the processes that give rise to key physical and human geographical features of the world, how these are interdependent and how they bring about spatial variation and change over time are competent in the geographical skills needed to: collect, analyse and communicate with a range of data gathered through experiences of fieldwork that deepen their understanding of geographical processes interpret a range of sources of geographical information, including maps, diagrams, globes, aerial photographs and Geographical Information Systems (GIS) communicate geographical information in a variety of ways, including through maps, numerical and quantitative skills and writing at length.